Set up and use of the Kestrel K5 Applied Ballistics system
Battery level will be inaccurate if the wrong type battery is selected in system. System defaults to lithium battery. Only Lithium should be used. Alkaline may leak and damage the system if the unit is stored in kit with a button depressed over a period of time.

Turn on

Powers up in AB mode

Backlight; Space; Double tap to shortcut between WX and AB mode without going through menu – shortcuts to the last screen you left in weather mode – recommend you jump back and forth to wind and AB mode.

Capture / Delete

Right

Down

Exit/menu

Up

Left

Enter

On/Off
AB mode

Home screen

Based on the Weapon selected

Elevation based on Range, Environment settings, winds, DOF. MILS or MOA based on operator units selection

Windage based on Range, environmental settings, winds, DOF. MILS or MOA based on operator units selection

Tgt = Target data – here it displays 006 deg magnetic azimuth DOF to a 1000m target

\[ W = \frac{\text{Wind 1 (0.96 mils – 5mph)}}{\text{Wind 2 (2.32 mils 10mph)}} \text{ hold L for the 1000m} \]

Target A - default when using manual input ranges. Can select A-F in settings when fixed target sites are used.

Wind setting – displays wind from 9 o’clock, Wind 1 of 5mph, Wind 2 is under wind settings

Target 1000m

Wind from 9 O’clock at 5 Mph

Hold 7.9 Mils Elevation, Right .96 mils for 5mph wind/ spin/coriolis

006 Degrees
As of 4 Dec 2015

MENU → Weather mode
Menu → System → Measurements, to turn off screens not needed

BARO MUST BE SET TO A REF 0 ft so the system is using Station Pressure – based on Sea level required to determine accurate Density Altitude for the Ballistic Algorithm;
enter settings - select Ref Alt – Adjust to 0

Each Weather screen has two additional screens, a Min, Ave, Max screen and a historical graph – simply right and left arrow to get back to main screen

User Screen 1
enter settings - select data lines desired

User Screen 2

User Screen 3

Wind - shortcut jump between AB and WX to this screen – likely the only screen and weather function you will ever use
ALL OTHER WX needs are in the AB mode under Environment
**Compass Calibration**

**Capture DOF/Wind**

Highlight Target – hit capture button – TGT changes to T with Arrow – keep oriented on target until you are satisfied with the reading then hit capture again to lock in azimuth. All shooting solutions will use this azimuth until you change it.

Highlight Wind – hit capture button – point into wind – read for 5 to 10 seconds and hit the capture button to lock in data. You have now recorded the winds Angular difference from DOF, the cosine will be applied against the wind read for the 5 to 10 seconds. The 2 wind readings will now be the low and high wind seen during the 5-10 Second reading. All shooting solutions will use this data until you change it.

REMEMBER – this data is only from your firing position and not down range winds – it is a good start point to determine shooter value winds.
Environment inputs

With Environment highlighted hit enter to set parameters

When you select update Yes the Kestrel is reading the environment real-time and will give real-time data to the ballistic engine. To guard against heat or cold syncing spin the kestrel at the end of the lanyard to expose the wire sensor to actual air temp and then turn off update. While shooting update as environment changes.

When the Environment is in update No the user can manipulate variables to see affects in different conditions. This is a good tool to answer questions on what environmental affects will do to the shooting solution. Simply change the variables and go back to the AB home screen to see how new variables affect the shooting solution.

There is no need to enter into the Kestrel weather mode for environment information beyond reading wind speeds. All environmental necessities for shooting are located here under environment.

When Spin drift is Yes the Kestrel automatically calculates spin drift into the wind solution. Turn off and spin drift is not calculated into the shooting/wind solution.
On the home screen arrow down to Manage Guns, enter

Up to gun, Enter, Name

Choose fps or msec

If you choose a custom curve Drag Model (DM) profile it locks BC, Bullet Weight, Bullet Length

Use Auto Calc if you do not know the length of your bullet

BW = Bullet Weight
BD = Bullet Diameter
BL = Bullet Length
ZR = Zero Range
BH = Bore Height – Center of barrel to center of scope
ZH = Zero Height – offset from zero for Sup / alt ammo
ZH = Zero Offset – offset from zero for Sup / alt ammo
RT = Rate of Twist
RTD = Rate of Twist Direction

Select units for Scope/Reticule

Truing MV and DSF Calibration discussed in later slides
On the home screen select and enter Gun

To build a powder temp table select MV – MV Temp. Enter temp/velocity which will be used in conjunction with selected gun

All guns that are On run in conjunction with your primary gun and can be selected by right and left arrow when Gun is highlighted in the home screen – recommend all guns not in use are turned off so you do not “fat finger” the button and mistakenly change guns during applications

BW = Bullet Weight
BD = Bullet Diameter
BL = Bullet Length
ZR = Zero Range
BH = Bore Height – Center of barrel to center of scope
ZH = Zero Height – offset from zero for Sup / alt ammo
ZH = Zero Offset – offset from zero for Sup / alt ammo
RT = Rate of Twist
RTD = Rate of Twist Direction

Truing MV and DSF Calibration discussed in later slides
Target inputs

When Tgt is highlighted hit enter to set parameters

Range can be adjusted using the left and right arrows on this main screen but the range will move slowly as the system is calculating as you adjust. If you adjust range inside the target mode it moves quickly without calculations until you stop.

As of 4 Dec 2015
enter TR to change / convert yards/meters

enter Estimate to determine range to target based on target size and measured mils/MOA

Hit escape – you will be prompted to save range to target range or forget range found using estimate

Set magnetic Azimuth to target – this is for Coriolis calculation

Set up or down angle (Ideg – inclination degrees) to Target – Icos – inclination cosine will populate automatically once you input angle - REMEMBER if you do not remove this angle it will be calculated in all range solutions!

Set target Speed and Direction of travel. Actual holds for movers are found under the range card function

Set “O’clock” wind is coming from.
Set desired wind speed 1 and 2 that will be displayed on the main screen in AB mode. You can set these same variables under the wind function as well. If you capture winds these values will be overwritten
Manual and Capture Wind inputs

When Wind is highlighted/underlined hit enter to set parameters

Enter when WD is highlighted to set wind direction value, capture wind, or calibrate or recalibrate compass

Manually set wind direction and desired wind speed 1 and 2 values – these manually set variables will be used for calculating wind value at input range

If you capture winds it will overwrite manual set values

This can also be accomplished from the Home screen as discussed in Compass calibration

Wind speed value 1 and 2 at 1000m for the weapon selected

Only wind direction and wind speed 1 displayed but wind speed 2 value is displayed under Wind
Range Card Function

Enter Range Card when highlighted and use the left and right buttons to scroll through – change the last column to the range cards available data.
Ballistic Data

Enter Ballistics when highlighted and use the Up and Down buttons to scroll through ballistic data for the range designated.

In ballistics, unlike in range card, you get the exact variables for the exact range vice in range increments.

- Set Target range
- Elevation based on all settings
- Wind 1 based on settings
- Wind 2 based on settings
- Lead based on settings
- Vertical Corriolis component - auto added into elevation
- Horizontal Corriolis component - auto added into Wind
- Spin Drift based on settings
- Aerodynamic Jump
- Remaining Velocity at 1000m
- Remaining Energy at 1000m
- Time of Flight to 1000m
- Maximum Ordinate – highest point the bullet passes in the trajectory (50% of range plus 10% or in this case 550m)
- Total drop if the round drop is measured from the muzzle
- Bullet reaches Transonic, Mach 1.2, based on all settings TRUE MV HERE +/- 10% of this range
- Bullet reaches Subsonic, Mach 1, based on all settings TRUE DSF beyond this range
Truing Muzzle Velocity (MV) at the Transonic threshold

It is critical that your Zero elevation is precise and set correctly under gun ZR settings, and you can determine Mean Point of Impact of your downrange shots to an accuracy of 0.1 mil.

If your Scope Turret has not been verified to deliver correct adjustments you cannot dial in elevation corrections for truing – use the gridded reticle for the accurate hold.

Accept data and your Algorithm is trued. Escape to home screen and the new data is displayed.
DSF calibration - Subsonic

Target Range and Drop predicted based on Settings

Select Gun enter

Select Cal DSF enter

Rounds reaches 0.9 Mach based on current weapons and environmental settings

Actual drop based on bullet impact

Accept data and your Algorithm is tried. Return to home screen and the new data is displayed

Predictive 28.74 Mil elevation

Actual 29.2 Mil elevation

1950m

Predictive 28.74 Mil elevation

Actual 29.2 Mil elevation

Rounds impacts .45 mil low

DSF Table set up for selected gun

Scroll to the bottom to clear DSF Data when desired
As of Dec 2015

MENU ➔ Display

Data Port  Off
Memory Options...
Graph Scale...
Display...

exit  ➔ select

Auto Shdwn 30m
Contrast  10
Backlight  White

exit  ➔ adjust

Auto Shdwn 30m
Contrast  10
Backlight  Red

exit  ➔ adjust
Use the Kestrel Determine Tremor 2/3 wind dot Value

- Turn off spin drift
- 2 wind dots is .95 mil at 4 mils
- Determine the range that gives a 4 mil elevation for your rifle and ammo
- Determine wind speed that gives a .95 mil correction at 4 mils elevation
- Divide this by two and you have wind dot value for your gun/load
Use the Kestrel to determine your Guns Aerodynamic jump

- Turn off spin drift
- Set range at 100m
- Adjust wind speed (3 or 9 o'clock)
- Adjust the wind speed until you get 0.1 mil elevation change.
- The Wind speed that results in 0.1 mil elevation value equals crosswind your crosswind jump variable/speed. For example if its 8mph then for every 8 MPH you get 0.1 mil jump.
- Apply to your shooting solution using LARS (Left Add Right Subtract)
  - Wind from the left add crosswind jump
  - Wind from the right subtract crosswind jump
  - REMEMBER – Cosines matter!
Use the Kestrel to determine your Guns Wind Bracket value for the Accuracy1st wind formula

• Baseline 500m = .5 mils of wind – what value of wind at 500m gives you .5 mils wind drift? That is your rifle wind bracket

• Turn off spin drift

• For the rifle and ammo selected set range to 500m

• Adjust wind direction to (3 or 9 o'clock)

• Adjust the wind speed 1 until you get 0.5 mil wind correction

• What is that speed? That is your Wind bracket value for your weapon and ammo

Example: 300mag, 230grBH, 2770fps, DA 0ft
Range 500m, 9 O’clock wind 4 MPH wind = .30mil

Adjust wind to 7 mph return to home screen

7 mph = .51 mil value at 500m, This guns wind Bracket = 7 Mph
Review - Normal use

- Turn on
- Do an environmental update – turn on and off to prevent heat or cold loading the device
  - SWING IT AT THE END OF THE LANYARD TO GET TRUE AIR TEMP
- Select gun –TURN OFF GUNS NOT IN USE
- Find target at transonic +/- 10% (for high BCs > G1 .65 can push into trans 20-40%)
- Input range to target within 1 m – **Double check the range**, bracket with the LRF
- Shoot data – you need to see exact bullet impact to determine MPI for group
  - Remember effects of Aerodynamic Jump on truing – Left add, Right Subtract gun jump per AJ variable for your rifle and ammo – LARS
  - It is critical you determine actual bullet strike elevation within 0.1 mil
  - Calibrate MV to true the algorithm – change the predictive polynomial curve to your actual curve
  - Change ammo, change lots, you must re-true
  - This data is only for the weapon and ammo being trued
- Calibrate DSF for ranges beyond Subsonic
- Change DOF when shooting over 600m – capture wind direction and speed
  - Coriolis, spin drift, Aero Jump
- Once trued simply range target to within 1 m and shoot the data
  - Ensure you conduct environmental updates as environment changes
  - For extreme range shots ensure you update for shot as well as input actual DOF and Latitude, wind speed, and wind direction

- Spin drift on/off – turn it off and winds are pure for determining wind dot value
- When you swap batteries you do not loose your data, but Range defaults to 500m, Latitude defaults to 38th parallel, and the environment update is on.